# SAFETY DATA SHEET



Date Issued : 2/21/2014 SDS No: 123770

## Webbing Solution

#### 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

**PRODUCT NAME:** Webbing Solution PRODUCT CODE: 123770

## MANUFACTURER

Fiberglass Coatings Inc. 4301A 34th Street North St. Petersburg, FL 33714 Customer Service: (800) 272-7890 E-Mail: www.fgci.com Emergency Contact: Chem-Tel Emergency Phone: (800) 255-3924

## 24 HR. EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBERS

Chem-Tel (800) 255-3924

#### 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

## GHS CLASSIFICATIONS

#### Health:

Eye Irritation, Category 2A Skin Irritation, Category 3 Target Organ Toxicity (Single exposure), Category 3

#### Physical:

Flammable Liquids, Category 2

## GHS LABEL



Exclamation

## SIGNAL WORD: DANGER

#### HAZARD STATEMENTS

H319: Causes serious eye irritation.

- H315: Causes skin irritation.
- H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
- H225: Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

## PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENT(S)

#### Prevention:

P210: Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.

- P240: Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.
- P241: Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment.
- P242: Use only non-sparking tools.
- P243: Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
- P271: Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
- P261: Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.
- P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
- P264: Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

## Response:

P370+P378: In case of fire: Use appropriate extinguishing media (see Section 5).

P305+P351+P338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P337+P313: If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

- P302+P352: IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
- P332+P313: If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
- P362: Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.
- P304+P340: IF INHALED: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.
- P312: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

## Storage:

P403+P235: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

## Disposal:

P501: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with all Federal, State, and local regulations.

## EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

## PHYSICAL APPEARANCE: Colorless Liquid

**IMMEDIATE CONCERNS: Extremely Flammable Liquid** which may be ignited by open flames or sparks including static electricity, This material also has strong vapors which may be irritating to the eyes and respiratory tract. It will be burning to the eyes and moderately irritating to the skin. Ingestion of even small amounts of this product may be toxic.

## POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS

- **EYES:** Can cause severe eye irritation. Symptoms include: stinging, tearing, redness, and swelling of the eyes. Can injure eye tissue.
- **SKIN:** Can cause skin irritation. Prolonged or repeated contact may cause sensitization. Symptoms include redness, burning, and drying and cracking of skin, burns and other skin damage.
- **SKIN ABSORPTION:** Passage of this material into the body through the skin is possible, but it is unlikely that this would result in harmful effects during safe handling and use.
- **INGESTION:** Swallowing small amounts of this material during normal handling is not likely to cause harmful effects. Swallowing large amounts will be harmful. Overexposure may cause Nervous System damage. Contact a physician immediately. This material can get into the lungs during swallowing or vomiting possibly causing lung inflammation and other lung injury.
- **INHALATION:** High concentrations in immediate area can displace oxygen and can cause dizziness, unconsciousness, and even death with longer exposure. Keep people away from such vapors without self-contained breathing apparatus.

## REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

- **REPRODUCTIVE EFFECTS:** Has been show to cause harm to the fetus in laboratory animal studies. Harm to the fetus occurs only at exposure levels that harm the pregnant animal.
- **CARCINOGENICITY:** Not classified as a carcinogen by the International Agency for Research of Cancer (IARC), the National Toxicology Program (NTP), or the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA).

**MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED:** Pre-existing disorders of the following may be aggravated by exposure: skin, lung, blood-forming system.

ROUTES OF ENTRY: Inhalation, Skin absorption, Skin contact, Eye contact, Ingestion.

TARGET ORGAN STATEMENT: Shorten the time of onset of liver or kidney damage induced by other chemicals.

Overexposure has caused the following in laboratory animals: mild, reversible liver effects; mild, reversible kidney effects; blood abnormalities.

#### 3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical Name	Wt.%	CAS
Acetone	> 75	67-64-1
Thermoplastic (Trade Secret)	> 20	N/A

**COMMENTS:** The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

#### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

**EYES:** Flush eyes with water for at least 15 minutes, holding eyelids open. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do so. Seek immediate medical attention.

**SKIN:** Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with large amounts of water. If skin is damaged, seek immediate medical attention. If skin is not damaged and symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Launder clothing before reuse.

**INGESTION:** Aspiration hazard. If swallowed, Do NOT induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, keep head below hips to prevent aspiration into lungs. Rinse mouth with water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Call a physician immediately.

**INHALATION:** If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Seek medical attention.

#### SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF OVEREXPOSURE

- **SKIN ABSORPTION:** Central nervous depression (dizziness, drowsiness, weakness, fatigue, nausea, headache, unconsciousness). Other central nervous effects, high blood sugar, coma.
- **INGESTION:** Mouth and throat irritation (soreness, dry or scratchy feeling, cough). Stomach or intestinal upset (nausea, vomiting, diarrhea).

**INHALATION:** Irritation (nose, throat, airways).

**COMMENTS:** Consult a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

#### 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

FLAMMABLE CLASS: Category 2 Flammable Liquid

**EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:** Use dry chemical, CO2, water spray/fog (not jet), or foam

HAZARDOUS COMBUSTION PRODUCTS: Produces carbon oxides (CO, CO2).

**OTHER CONSIDERATIONS:** Slightly explosive in the presence of open flames, sparks, oxidizing agents and acids.

**EXPLOSION HAZARDS:** Forms explosive mixtures with hydrogen peroxide, acetic acid, nitric acid (+ sulfuric acid), chromic anhydride, chromyl chloride, nitrosyl chloride, hexachloroelamine, nitrosyl perchlorate, nitryl perchlorate, permonosulfuric acid, thiodigycol + hydrogen peroxide, potassium tert-butoxide, sulfur dichloride, 1-methyl-1,3-butadiene, bromoform, carbon, air, chloroform, thitriazlperchlorate.

FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES: Flammable Liquid, soluble or dispersed in water.

Small Fire: Use DRY chemical powder.

Large Fire: Use alcohol foam, water spray, or fog.

**FIRE FIGHTING EQUIPMENT:** Full Bunker gear (helmet with face shield, bunker coats, gloves and rubber boots), including a positive pressure, NIOSH approved, self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).

## 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

**SMALL SPILL:** Extinguish all nearby ignition sources. Stop leak if it can be done safely. Prevent from entering waterways and sewers. Absorb with non-combustible material and transfer into appropriate disposal container.

LARGE SPILL: Use a shovel to put the material in to a convenient waste disposal container. Finish cleaning by spreading water on the contaminated surface and allow to evacuate through the sanitary system.

**GENERAL PROCEDURES:** Always ensure proper ventilation from any spill. Respirators or SCBA are required if permissible exposure limits are exceeded due to inadequate general ventilation. All spills should be contained as best as possible. All chemical spills should be assumed to be hazardous to the environment to ensure safety.

## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

**HANDLING:** Avoid ignition sources (flame, spark, smoking, etc) in use or handling areas. Use explosion proof electrical equipment. Ground all equipment containing this material. Do not ingest or breathe vapors/fumes. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. Always wear proper PPE when handling. Provide sufficient ventilation. A NIOSH respirator is required if permissible exposure limits are exceeded.

**STORAGE:** Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area, away from any sources of ignition and incompatible materials. Keep all equipment grounded to avoid static sparking. Keep container closed when not being used.

## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

## EXPOSURE GUIDELINES

OSHA HAZARDOUS COMPONENTS (29 CFR1910.1200)						
			EXPOSURE LIMITS			
		OSHA PEL		ACGIH TLV		
Chemical Name		ppm	mg/m³	ppm	mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Acetone	TWA	1000	2400	500		
	STEL			750		
Thermoplastic (Trade Secret)	TWA		15		10	
	STEL		5		3	

**ENGINEERING CONTROLS:** Provide ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapor or mists below the applicable workplace exposure limits (PEL/TLV). Any installed emergency eye wash station or safety showers should be located near the work area.

## PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

**EYES AND FACE:** Chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. Always use proper eye protection around the work area.

**SKIN:** Wear impermeable gloves. Clothing should limit skin exposure. Gloves contaminated with product should be discarded. Promptly remove clothing that becomes soiled with product. Maintain eyewash and shower station near work area in case of exposure.

**RESPIRATORY:** Vapor respirator may be required if exposure limits are exceeded. Use a NIOSH approved respirator or

equivalent when required. Proper mechanical ventilation should be installed to ensure the exposure levels are below the allowable thresholds (PEL/TLV).

WORK HYGIENIC PRACTICES: Never eat or drink in areas where the chemical is being used. Wash hands after handling to limit exposure.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES
PHYSICAL STATE: Liquid.
ODOR: Pungent, Sweet
ODOR THRESHOLD: No data available.
APPEARANCE: Colorless Liquid
COLOR: Colorless
<b>pH:</b> No data available.
PERCENT VOLATILE: No data available.
FLASH POINT AND METHOD: -17°C (1.4°F) Closed Cup
FLAMMABLE LIMITS: 2.5% to 13%
Notes: Flammable limits in air % by volume
AUTOIGNITION TEMPERATURE: 465°C (869°F)
VAPOR PRESSURE: 186 mm Hg @ 20 C
VAPOR DENSITY: 2 (Air =1)
BOILING POINT: 56.2°C (133.2°F)
FREEZING POINT: No data available.
MELTING POINT: -93.35°C (-139.6°F)
POUR POINT: No data available.
SOLUBILITY IN WATER: Completely miscible.
EVAPORATION RATE: 14.4 (Butyl Acetate = 1)
DENSITY: No data available.
SPECIFIC GRAVITY: 0.79 (Water = 1)
VISCOSITY #1: 0.3075 mPa
MOLECULAR WEIGHT: 58.08 g/mol
(VOC): 100.000 %

## **10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

#### STABLE: Yes

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: No

**STABILITY:** Stable under recommended storage conditions.

POLYMERIZATION: Will not occur.

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Exposure to air. Avoid heat, flames and other ignition sources.

**POSSIBILITY OF HAZARDOUS REACTIONS:** Vapors may form explosive mixture with air.

## HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: Carbon oxides.

**INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS:** Bases, Oxidizing agents, Reducing agents, Acetone reacts violently with phosphorous oxychloride.

## **11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

## ACUTE

Chemical Name	ORAL LD <sub>50</sub> (rat)	DERMAL LD <sub>50</sub> (rabbit)	INHALATION LC <sub>50</sub> (rat)
Acetone	5800 mg / kg (Rat)	7426 mg / kg (guinea pig)	50100 mg/m3 (inhalation / rat) (8h)
Thermoplastic (Trade Secret)	> 2000 mg / kg (Rat)		

EYE EFFECTS: Causes eye irritation, characterized by a burning sensation, redness, tearing, inflammation, and possible corneal injury.

SKIN EFFECTS: May cause skin irritation. May be harmful if absorbed through the skin.

#### CARCINOGENICITY

Notes: Not considered carcinogenic by OSHA, NTP, or IARC.

TARGET ORGANS: Single exposure: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

#### **12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

BIOACCUMULATION/ACCUMULATION: No data available.

## AQUATIC TOXICITY (ACUTE)

96-HOUR LC50: 5540 mg/L (Trout)

48-HOUR EC<sub>50</sub>: 135000 mg/L (Water Flea)

CHEMICAL FATE INFORMATION: No data available.

## **13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

**DISPOSAL METHOD:** Disposal should be in accordance with all Federal, State, and local regulations. Empty containers may still be considered dangerous due to residual vapors/liquid/dust.

#### 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

## DOT (DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION)

PROPER SHIPPING NAME: Coating Solution

PRIMARY HAZARD CLASS/DIVISION: 3

UN/NA NUMBER: 1139

PACKING GROUP: III

## REPORTABLE QUANTITY (RQ) UNDER CERCLA: 5000

## ROAD AND RAIL (ADR/RID)

PROPER SHIPPING NAME: Coating Solution

**UN NUMBER:** 1139

HAZARD CLASS: 3

PACKING GROUP: III

## AIR (ICAO/IATA)

SHIPPING NAME: Coating Solution

**UN/NA NUMBER:** 1139

## PRIMARY HAZARD CLASS/DIVISION: 3

PACKING GROUP: III

VESSEL (IMO/IMDG)

SHIPPING NAME: Coating Solution

**UN/NA NUMBER:** 1139

## PRIMARY HAZARD CLASS/DIVISION: 3

PACKING GROUP: III

## **15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

## UNITED STATES

## SARA TITLE III (SUPERFUND AMENDMENTS AND REAUTHORIZATION ACT)

311/312 HAZARD CATEGORIES: Fire Hazard, Immediate (acute) Health Hazard, Chronic (Delayed) Health Hazard.

FIRE: Yes PRESSURE GENERATING: No REACTIVITY: No ACUTE: Yes CHRONIC: Yes

313 REPORTABLE INGREDIENTS: Not Listed.

**TITLE III NOTES:** This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

## 302/304 EMERGENCY PLANNING

**EMERGENCY PLAN:** No chemicals in this material are subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title III, Section 302.

## TSCA (TOXIC SUBSTANCE CONTROL ACT)

TSCA REGULATORY: All items are TSCA listed

## OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH ADMINISTRATION (OSHA)

29 CFR1910.119---PROCESS SAFETY MANAGEMENT OF HIGHLY HAZARDOUS CHEMICALS: Considered Hazardous

OSHA HAZARD COMM. RULE: Flammable liquid, Target Organ Effect, Irritant

## CANADA

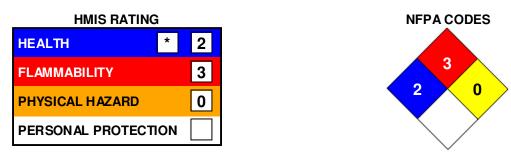
## WHMIS (WORKPLACE HAZARDOUS MATERIALS INFORMATION SYSTEM): Listed.

WHMIS CLASS: B2 Flammable Liquid, also D2B Toxic Material Causing Other Toxic Effects.

## DOMESTIC SUBSTANCE LIST (INVENTORY): Listed.

#### **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

#### PREPARED BY: BC



HMIS RATINGS NOTES: The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

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